

Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136

Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 May 2024

Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 Annual financial report for the year ended 31 May 2024

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These financial statements are the financial statements of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors' on 30 July 2024. The Directors' have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Directors' report

Your Directors' present their report on Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited (the Company) for the year ended 31 May 2024.

Directors details

The following persons were Directors of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited during the financial year, and up to the date of this report:

Peter Moore	Terence Morgan
President	Vice President
Director since 1987	Director since 2009
B. Comm, Dip Ed & JP. Retired Senior Education Officer of 26 years.	Dip Comm, Dip Law. Solicitor since 1982.
Barry Twomey	Ian Healey
Director	Director
Director since 1983	Director since 1996
Retired Industry Supervisor. Worked 12 years in the Steel Industry.	Retired Sales Executive with Breweries and Bank Officer
Allan Crumpton	Jason Dunn
Director	Director
Director since 2013	Director since 2019
Cert Mgt. Retired Senior Police Officer.	B Comm, B Laws, Dip Legal Practice. Solicitor since 2003.

Greg Boswell

Director Director since 2020

Retired Cameraman, Commercial Director and Advertising Agency Partner

Company secretary

Mr John Hume has been the Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited since May 2002. Prior to this Mr Hume has held management positions in other large registered Clubs in the Sydney area.

Board montings

Directors' meetings

The number of meetings the Directors held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director is as follows:

	Board III	eeungs
Board members	Α	В
Peter Moore	13	13
Terence Morgan	13	11
Barry Twomey	13	9
Ian Healey	13	9
Allan Crumpton	13	12
Jason Dunn	13	10
Greg Boswell	13	12

Where:

- column A: the number of meetings the Director was entitled to attend
- column B: the number of meetings the Director attended

Core and non-core property

Pursuant to Section 41E(5) of the Registered Clubs Act 1976 (NSW) for the financial year ended 31 May 2024, the following land and buildings are considered to be core property and non-core property:

Core Property

- 5-13 Tyrrell Street, Wallsend
- 1A Lowe Street Wallsend
- 5 Fogo Street, Wallsend

Non-Core Property

- 12-16 Charles Street, Wallsend
- 15-17 Tyrrell Street, Wallsend
- 4 Tyrrell Street, Wallsend
- 6 Kemp Street, Wallsend
- 8-10 Charles Street, Wallsend
- 17 Kokera Street, Wallsend

Directors' report (continued)

Principal activities

During the year, the principal activities of the Company was the running of the Company in accordance with its objectives for the benefits of its members.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Significant changes in state of affairs

No significant changes in the Clubs state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Short and long-term objectives

The Company's short and long-term objectives are to:

Provide the best facilities available to members and guests with a special interest in the welfare of the returned service men and women.

Strategy for achieving short and long-term objectives

To achieve these objectives the Company has adopted the following strategies:

Increase existing revenue levels and control costs to improve profitability which will allow the Company's premises to be continually improved.

Performance measurement

These strategies are measured through both financial and non financial key performance indicators that have been developed relevant to the club industry. The Company measures its performance against industry benchmarks, gross profit percentage and wages to sales percentages to measure the financial performance of trading areas such as bar and gaming. The Company also uses EBITDA to measure the financial performance of the Company overall.

Contribution in winding up

The Company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$5 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 31 May 2024 the total amount that members of the Company are liable to contribute if the Company wound up is \$58,805 (2023: \$58,510).

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Legislative Instrument 2016/191, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with the instrument to the nearest dollar.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5 and forms part of this Directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Reter mean

Peter Moore - Director

Terence Morgan - Director

Dated: 30 July 2024 Wallsend, NSW



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Auditor's independence declaration

To the Directors of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited

In accordance with the requirements of Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited for the year ended 31 May 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Kirsty Portcous

Kirsty Porteous - Partner

Attack Ruthes NH Particition

Pitcher Partners NH Partnership Chartered Accountants

Dated: 30 July 2024 Newcastle West, NSW



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Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 May 2024

		2024	2023
	Nistar		
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from continuing operations	2	16,379,689	18,639,378
Other income	3	330,183	153,875
Bar cost of goods sold		(799,414)	(1,066,227)
Bar direct expenses		(585,911)	(613,394)
Bistro cost of goods sold		(1,058,599)	(1,142,712)
Bistro direct expenses		(1,837,453)	(1,783,201)
Gaming direct expenses		(5,223,770)	(5,732,610)
Rental operations		(35,876)	(36,116)
TAB and keno direct expenses		(294,482)	(323,574)
Promotional expenses		(409,088)	(364,525)
Administration expenses		(7,095,390)	(6,895,297)
Finance costs		(104,116)	(123,010)
Bowls expenses		(31,369)	(176,878)
		(17,475,468)	(18,257,544)
Profit / (loss) before income tax		(765,596)	535,709
Income tax expense	4	-	-
Profit / (loss) for the year		(765,596)	535,709
Other comprehensive income	19	20,768	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		(744,828)	535,709

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of financial position

For the year ended 31 May 2024

For the year ended 51 May 2024			
		2024	2023
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	5	3,887,112	3,134,345
Trade receivables	6	26,081	193,604
Inventories	7	259,802	248,440
Other assets	9	169,585	151,109
Total current assets		4,342,580	3,727,498
Non-current assets			
Financial assets at amortised cost	8	253,385	250,000
Property, plant and equipment	10	21,968,853	24,255,155
Investment properties	11	3,670,000	2,667,607
Investments - equity method	12	4,679,224	4,609,981
Intangible assets	13	2,780,580	2,780,580
Lease assets	14	332,178	406,328
Total non-current assets		33,684,220	34,969,651
Total assets		38,026,800	38,697,149
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	1,365,500	1,128,533
Provisions	17	1,054,873	973,592
Other liabilities	18	80,349	37,475
Lease liabilities	14	67,505	57,188
Total current liabilities		2,568,227	2,196,788
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	16	1,108,688	1,308,688
Provisions	17	113,704	124,358
Other liabilities	18	54,004	66,632
Lease liabilities	14	243,314	316,992
Total non-current liabilities		1,519,710	1,816,670
			, ,
Total liabilities		4,087,937	4,013,458
Net assets		33,938,863	34,683,691
MEMBERS FUNDS			
Reserves	19	538,525	517,757
Retained profits		33,400,338	34,165,934
Total members funds		33,938,863	34,683,691
		. <u> </u>	<u> </u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 May 2024

Balance at 1 June 2022	Revaluation Reserve	Reserves \$ 517,757	Retained Profits \$ 33,630,225	Total \$ 34,147,982
Profit / (Loss) for the year		-	535,709	535,709
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	535,709	535,709
Balance at 31 May 2023		517,757	34,165,934	34,683,691
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	-	(765,596)	(765,596)
Other comprehensive income	20,768		-	20,768
Total comprehensive income for the year	20,768	-	(765,596)	(744,828)
Balance at 31 May 2024	20,768	517,757	33,400,338	33,938,863

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 May 2024

	2024	2023
Notes	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from members and customers	18,477,628	20,332,433
Payments to suppliers and employees	(16,342,116)	(17,495,708)
Interest received	20,055	16,974
Interest paid	(104,116)	(123,010)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	2,051,451	2,730,689
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(1,092,865)	(2,781,447)
Repayment of loans provided	-	50,044
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	62,815	42,468
Payments for investments	(3,385)	(725,607)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(1,033,435)	(3,414,542)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of lease liabilities	(65,249)	(70,501)
Repayment of borrowings	(200,000)	(1,750,000)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(265,249)	(1,820,501)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	752,767	(2,504,354)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	3,134,345	5,638,699
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	3,887,112	3,134,345

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

1 Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Information about the entity

- Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.
- Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited is a not for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial report.
- The registered office of the Club is Lowe, Kemp & Tyrrell Streets, Wallsend NSW 2287.
- The principal place of business of the Club is 5 7 Tyrrell St, Wallsend NSW 2287.

(b) Basis of preparation

This financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

(c) Statement of compliance

This financial report complies with AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for Profit Tier 2 Entities as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB).

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, except for investment properties which have been measured at fair value. The financial report is presented in Australian Dollars.

(d) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In this case, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, are presented as operating cash flows.

(e) Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Legislative Instrument 2016/191, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off in accordance with the instrument to the nearest dollar.

(f) Comparative information

Comparative information has been adjusted to reflect current year disclosures where applicable.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

2 Revenue

(a) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Company derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time for the following services:

2024	Beverage Revenue \$	Raffle and Bingo Revenue \$	Gaming Revenue \$	Food Revenue \$	Bowls Revenue \$	Other Revenue \$	Total \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	2,300,055	249,078	10,640,578	2,819,065	-	353,733	16,362,509
Other revenue (not covered by		,	, ,				
AASB15)	-	-	17,180	-	-		17,180
, 	2,300,055	249,078	10,657,758	2,819,065	-	353,733	16,379,689
<i>Timing of revenue recognition</i> At a point in time Over time	2,300,055 - 2,300,055	249,078 - 249,078	10,640,578 <u>17,180</u> 10,657,758	2,819,065 - 2,819,065	-	304,544 49,189 353,733	16,313,320 66,369 16,379,689
	Beverage Revenue	Raffle and Bingo Revenue	Gaming Revenue	Food Revenue	Bowls Revenue	Other Revenue	Total
2023	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers Other revenue (not covered by AASB15)	2,586,244 - 2,586,244	196,706 - 196,706	12,325,551 31,497 12,357,048	2,774,492 - 2,774,492	46,576 - 46,576	678,312 - 678,312	18,607,881 31,497 18,639,378
Timing of revenue recognition							
At a point in time	2,586,244	196,706	12,325,551	2,774,492	46,576	616,229	18,545,798
Over time	-	-	31,497	-	-	62,083	93,580
	2,586,244	196,706	12,357,048	2,774,492	46,576	678,312	18,639,378

(b) Accounting policies and significant judgements

The Company recognises revenue related to the transfer of promised goods or services when a performance obligation is satisfied and when control of the goods or services passes to the customer. The amount of revenue recognised reflects the consideration to which the Company is or expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The Company considers whether there are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated (e.g. loyalty points program). In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

(i) Sale of goods - beverage

Revenue from the sale of beverages is recognised at a point in time when the physical control of the goods passes to the customer.

(ii) Provision of services - raffle and bingo revenue

Raffle and bingo revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer takes possession of the ticket and the raffle or bingo game has been conducted as at this point the performance obligations have been satisfied.

(iii) Provision of services - gaming revenue

Revenue from rendering services from gaming facilities to members and other patrons of the Company is recognised when the services are provided. Gaming revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received from the net position of the wagers placed less customer winnings paid out. Commission revenue where the Company acts as an agent for third parties who provide wagering services to members and guests is recognised at a point in time when the wagering transaction has been completed.

TAB and Keno commission revenue where the Company acts as an agent for third parties who provide wagering services to members and guests is recognised at a point in time when the wagering transaction has been completed.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

2 Revenue (continued)

(b) Accounting policies and significant judgements (continued)

(iv) Sale of goods - food

Revenue from the sale of food is recognised at a point in time when the physical control of the goods passes to the customer.

(v) Other revenue

Included within other revenue is membership subscriptions are recognised over the term of membership and any unearned portion is deferred and included in contract liabilities. Membership revenue is measured with reference to the fee received and the period of membership that the member has paid for.

The balance of other revenue is recognised at a point in time when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

3 Other income and expense items	2024 \$	2023 \$
(a) Other income	Ψ	Ψ
Rental income	188,492	87,378
Interest income	20,055	16,974
Share of profit / (loss) from joint ventures using equity method	69,243	49,523
Movement in fair value - investment property	52,393	-
	330,183	153,875

(i) Rental income (investment property)

Rental income is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. The Company recognises rental revenue on a straight line basis with reference to the applicable CPI increases, discount rates and any relevant rental incentives.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accruals basis.

(iii) Other income

The Company recognises other income at a point in time when received.

(iv) Movement in fair value - investment property

The Company recognises the change in fair value of investment property based on the assessment of an independent expert, representing the non-cash gain in relation to investment properties.

(b) Other expenses

Employee benefits expense	5,854,020	6,022,798
Depreciation and amortisation	2,273,880	2,468,516
Interest costs	104,116	123,010
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	26,753	16,590
Impairment of assets	279,817	-

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

		2024	2023
4	Income tax expense	\$	\$

(a) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable

The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 provides that under the concept of mutuality, Companys are only liable for income tax on income derived from non-members and from outside entities. The amount set aside for income tax in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income has been provided on a taxable income calculated as follows:

Operating profit/(loss) before income tax	(765,596)	535,709
Tax at the Australian tax rate at 25% (2023: 25%) Add/(Less) tax effect of: Non assessable income	(191,399)	133,927
Non deductible expenses Apportionment adjustment members income and expenses	9,239 (298,447)	14,096 (292,834)
Temporary differences Deferred tax asset for tax losses not brought to account	(298,447) (10,469) 491.076	20,460
Income tax expense	491,076	124,351 -

(b) The Directors estimate that the potential deferred tax asset as at 31 May 2024 not brought to account is as follows:

Tax losses at 25%	787,305	296,229
	787,305	296,229

Accounting policy

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and temporary differences where considered material. Deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses are only recognised to the extent it is probable that a taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilised if material.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on the tax rates (and tax law) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

5 Cash and cash equivalents

Current		
Cash on hand and at bank	3,887,112	3,134,345
	3,887,112	3,134,345

Accounting policy

Cash and short-term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. For the purpose of the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts (if any).

6 Trade receivables

Current

Curront

Guilent		
Trade receivables	26,081	193,604
	26,081	193,604
Accounting policy		

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost. Trade receivables are generally due within 30 days from the date of recognition.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

	2024	2023
7 Inventories	\$	\$
Current		
Stock on hand - bar	84,808	80,313
Stock on hand - bistro	174,994	168,086
Stock on hand - other	-	41
	259,802	248,440
Association policy		

Accounting policy

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

8 Financial assets at amortised cost

Non - Current

Other receivables	253,385	250,000
	253,385	250,000

Accounting policy

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method.

9 Other assets

Current Prepayments

Prepayments	169,585	151,109
	169,585	151,109

Accounting policy

This includes prepayments made in advance for goods and services which are to be received in a future period.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

10 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Capital work in progress	Total
Non-current assets	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 1 June 2023				
Cost	30,816,126	14,537,813	408,308	45,762,247
Accumulated depreciation	(10,722,273)	(10,784,819)	-	(21,507,092)
Net book amount	20,093,853	3,752,994	408,308	24,255,155
Year ended 31 May 2024	~~ ~~ ~~ ~~~		100.000	
Opening net book amount	20,093,853	3,752,994	408,308	24,255,155
Impairment	-	-	(279,817)	(279,817)
Additions	74,760	885,009	250,388	1,210,157
Transfers	-	127,641	(127,641)	-
Transfers to Investment Property	(929,232)	-	-	(929,232)
Disposals	-	(89,005)	-	(89,005)
Depreciation charge	(870,525)	(1,327,880)	-	(2,198,405)
Closing net book amount	18,368,856	3,348,759	251,238	21,968,853
Year ended 31 May 2024				
Cost	29,910,870	16,572,349	251,238	46,734,457
Accumulated depreciation	(11,542,016)	(13,223,588)	-	(24,765,604)
Net book amount	18,368,854	3,348,761	251,238	21,968,853

Accounting policy

(a) Land and buildings

Land and buildings are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

(b) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Land and buildings	21 - 50 years
Plant & Equipment	3 - 11 years

(d) Impairment

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash in flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit in which the asset belongs.

If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the future economic benefits of an asset are not dependent on the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and if deprived of the asset the Company would replace its remaining future economic benefit, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as a separate line item.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

11 Investment properties	2024 \$	2023 \$
Non-current assets - at fair value		
Opening balance at 1 June	2,667,607	1,865,000
Additions		802,607
Transfers from Property, Plant and Equipment	950,000	
Net gain / (loss) from fair value adjustment	52,393	-
Closing balance at 31 May	3,670,000	2,667,607

Accounting policy

Initially, investment properties are measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition investment properties are stated at fair value. To obtain the fair value, a market appraisal is obtained by the Company from its real estate agent annually. A market valuation was performed by Craig Fennings of Raine and Horne real estate as at 31 May 2024. The real estate agent frequently assesses the market values for properties similar to those held by the Company in the same areas, having regard to past sales prices of other properties and current market conditions. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of the investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

Investment properties are no longer recognised when they have either been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the derecognising of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in that year.

12 Investments - equity method

Non-current assets - at cost

Investment in joint venture (Springs Wallsend Pty Ltd)	4,679,224	4,609,981
	4,679,224	4,609,981

Accounting policy

The investment in Springs Wallsend Pty Ltd is a joint venture accounted for using the equity method. The Company has joint control and 25% ownership interest. Springs Wallsend Pty Ltd completed the development of a 50 room motel in the 2021 financial year.

A joint venture is an arrangement that the Company controls jointly with one or more other investors, and over which the Company has rights to a share of the arrangement's net assets rather than direct rights to underlying assets and obligations for underlying liabilities.

Interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial statements include the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the joint venture, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

The carrying values of investments are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The following table summarises the financial information of Springs Wallsend Pty Ltd as included in its own financial statements.

Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	126,562	124,375
Financial assets	26,154	12,050
Other assets	2,440	2,120
Total current assets	155,156	138,545
Non current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	10,476,426	10,615,170
Total non current assets	10,476,426	10,615,170
Total assets	10,631,582	10,753,715
Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	26,193	47,971
Financial liabilities	3,276,458	3,653,782
Total liabilities	3,302,651	3,701,753
Net assets	7,328,931	7,051,962

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

	2024	2023
12 Investments - equity method (continued)	\$	\$
Income		
Accommodation	1,437,698	1,371,973
Other Income	42,068	13,868
Total Income	1,479,766	1,385,841
Expenses		
Commissions	69,715	82,559
Depreciation	278,196	277,709
Property management	410,127	372,681
Interest	143,997	116,386
Other	300,762	338,415
Total Expenses	1,202,797	1,187,750
Operating profit / (loss)	276,969	198,091
Attributed to Company at 25%	69,243	49,523

13 Intangible assets

	Poker machine entitlements	2024	2023
Non-current assets	\$	\$	\$
As at 31 May 2024			
Cost	2,780,580	2,780,580	2,780,580
Net book amount	2,780,580	2,780,580	2,780,580
Reconciliation Opening net book amount	2,780,580	2,780,580	2,780,580
Closing net book amount	2,780,580	2,780,580	2,780,580

Accounting policy

Poker machine entitlements are intangible assets acquired separately and are capitalised at cost, the useful lives of these intangible assets are assessed to be indefinite. These are tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The value shown for the poker machine entitlements, being their cost plus transaction costs, were tested for impairment having regard to the market value of such entitlements and the cash flow generated from holding these assets, with no impairment loss adjustment required.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 May 2024

		2024	2023
14	Leases	\$	\$

The Company leases various equipment, poker machines and the air space between Company buildings and Company carpark.

a) Lease asset

Non-current			
Lease assets		332,178	406,328

Reconciliation of lease assets	Photocopier	Equipment	Club Airspace	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	148,077	62,243	196,008	406,328	356,434
Additions	5,226	9,699	9,482	24,407	163,981
Disposals	(23,082)	-	-	(23,082)	(39,170)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation	(36,173)	(32,614)	(6,688)	(75,475)	(74,917)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	94,048	39,328	198,802	332,178	406,328
b) Lease liabilities					
Current					
Lease liabilities	28,109	36,351	3,045	67,505	57,188
Non-current					
Lease liabilities	80,097	3,118	160,099	243,314	316,992
Total	108,206	39,469	163,144	310,819	374,180
Reconciliation of lease liabilities	Photocopier	Equipment	Club Airspace	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	152,292	63,843	158,045	374,180	319,357
Additions	5,226	9,699	9,482	24,407	163,981
Disposal	(22,519)	-	-	(22,519)	- 38,657
Interest expense	5,020	3,090	4,829	12,939	14,445
Lease payments	(31,813)	(37,163)	(9,212)	(78,188)	(84,946)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	108,206	39,469	163,144	310,819	374,180
Maturity analysis of future lease payments				Total	Total
				\$	\$
Not later than 1 year	30,492	38,910	8,979	78,381	72,164
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	02 052	2 002	27 000	105 464	221 500
· · ·	83,853	3,683	37,928	125,464	221,588
Later than 5 years		3,083	37,928 218,094	125,464 218,094	221,566

Accounting policy

A lease is a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. If the terms and conditions of a contract are changed, it is reassessed to once again determine if the contract is still, or now contains, a lease.

The term of a lease is determined as the non-cancellable period of the lease, together with the periods covered by an option to extend the lease where there is reasonable certainty that the option will be exercised, and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if there is reasonable certainty that the option will not be exercised.

At inception, a lease asset and a lease liability is recognised. Lease assets are included in the statement of financial position and grouped in classes of similar underlying assets.

Lease assets are initially measured at cost, comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- an estimate of costs to be incurred in dismantling and removing the underlying asset;

- any initial direct costs incurred;

At the commencement date of the lease, the lease liability is initially recognised for the present value of non-cancellable lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate is 4.0%.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

14 Leases (continued)

The lease payment used in the calculation of the lease liabilities includes variable payments when they relate to an index or rate. Where leases contain variable lease payments based on an index or rate at a future point in time, the Company has only included the known CPI increases to date and not estimated future CPI-related increases.

The Company does not recognise leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less or are of low value as a right of use asset or lease liability. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

As lessor for operating leases, the Company recognises lease payments as income. The underlying asset is depreciated on a straight line basis over its expected useful life.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

15 Trade and other payables	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current Trade payables	246.491	27,814
Other payables and accruals	953,478	908,131
GST payable	165,531	192,588
	1,365,500	1,128,533

Accounting policy

Trade and other payables, including accruals, are recorded initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost. Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing. Trade accounts payable are normally settled within 30 days.

16 Financial liabilities

Non-current

Secured		
Bank loan (i)	1,108,688	1,308,688
Total secured financial liabilities	1,108,688	1,308,688

(i) Secured liabilities

The Company's currenty facility is until 20 July 2027. The following has been provided as security:

First registered equitable mortgage by Wallsend RSL & Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 over the whole of its asset(s) and undertaking(s) including uncalled capital;

First registered mortgage by Wallsend RSL & Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 over non residential real property located at 4 Tyrrell St Wallsend NSW 2287

First registered mortgage by Wallsend RSL & Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 over non residential real property located at 5 Fogo Street Wallsend NSW 2287

First registered mortgage by Wallsend RSL & Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 over non residential real property located at 6 Kemp St Wallsend NSW 2287

First registered mortgage by Wallsend RSL & Community Club Limited ACN 000 958 136 over non residential real property located at 8 Charles Street Wallsend NSW 2287

(ii) Unused financing facilities

The Company has a business card facility of \$50,000 available for use, which is cleared monthly.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

16 Financial liabilities (continued)

Accounting policy

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowing costs are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are classified as non-current liabilities if the Company has a right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

	2024	2023
17 Provisions	\$	\$
Current		
Employee entitlements (i) & (ii)	1,028,459	948,650
Jackpots	26,414	24,942
	1,054,873	973,592
Non-current		
Employee entitlements (ii)	63,704	74,358
Make good	50,000	50,000
	113,704	124,358

Accounting policy

(i) Annual leave

Liabilities for annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date, are recognised in the provision for employee benefits in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Any annual leave expected to be settled beyond 12 months of the reporting date is measured at the present value of expected future payments.

(ii) Long service leave

The liabilities for long service leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Consideration is given to expected future wage levels and period of service. Discount rates of the Australian bond rates matching the estimated future cash outflows have been used.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 May 2024

	2024	2023
18 Other liabilities	\$	\$
Current		
Contract liabilities - membership revenue	32,204	20,541
Contract liabilities - function revenue	48,145	16,934
	80,349	37,475
Non-current		
Contract Liabilities - membership revenue	54,004	66,632
	54,004	66,632

Accounting policy

Revenues received in advance are recorded as a contract liability if they are in relation to contracts with customers under AASB 15 and recognised as revenue when they are earned in future periods. Other revenue received in advance that is not covered by AASB 15 is recorded as other liabilities and is recognised as revenue when they are earned in future periods.

	Asset					
19 Reserves	Revaluation	General	Total			
		\$	\$			
Balance at 1 June 2023	-	517,757	517,757			
Changes to reserves	-	-	-			
Additions	20,768	-	20,768			
Balance at 31 May 2024	20,768	517,757	538,525			
(i) Nature and purpose of reserves						

General reserve

Accumulated funds taken over on incorporation.

Asset Revaluation

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets. In the event of a sale of an asset, any balance in the reserve in relation to the asset is transferred to retained earnings.

20 Commitments

(i) Expenditure commitments

	Building renovations - to be expended within 1 year	87,350	-
		87,350	-
21	Contingent liabilities		
Bank gua	arantee substituting for a security deposit for TAB facilities	10,000	10,000

On 25th March 2023, Wallsend Diggers Sports Club was forced to close due to unforeseen events. The site of the Sports Club, 5 Fogo Street Wallsend, has suffered significant subsidence issues to the property. The subsidence has caused significant damage to the three (3) bowling greens and other areas of the site. The immediate future of the site is unknown as at the date of this report. Any costs that the Company may incur in relation to repairs or re-building of the clubhouse and/or greens is unknown and could not be measured at the date of this report. Similarly any compensation that may be received by the Company is also unknown at the date of this report. The carrying value of the property, plant and equipment of 5 Fogo Street at balance date is \$3,939,502. No impairment loss has been recognised as the Directors are of the opinion that the Club may recover this value through future cashflows, being compensation, future use, disposal or a combination of these outcomes.

Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited **Notes to the financial statements**

For the year ended 31 May 2024

22 Related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions, and are no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

(a)	Key management personnel remuneration	2024 \$	2023 \$
Total ke	y management personnel benefits	669,865	779,036

(b) Transactions with other related parties

A Director, Mr B. Twomey and a relative of Director Mr P. Moore, lease investment properties from the Company at rates agreed to at the Club's annual general meeting.

The firm in which a Director, Mr T. Morgan is associated with provides legal services to the Company as required on normal terms and conditions with the total paid/payable by the Company being \$5,429 (2023: \$2,137).

The daughter and son-in-law of CEO John Hume is employed by the Club under normal award terms and conditions.

The son of deputy CEO Mark Stanborough is employed by the Club under normal award terms and conditions.

23 Remuneration of auditors

Auditor of the company		
Audit of the financial statements	34,900	33,200
Other services - taxation compliance services	6,250	5,890
Other services - consulting services	28,435	43,310
	69.585	82.400

24 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management that have significant effects on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next period are disclosed where applicable, in the relevant notes to the financial statements:

- Estimation of useful lives of non-current assets (notes 10, 13 and 14) The useful life of property, plant and equipment and lease assets (where useful life is greater than the lease term) is initially assessed at the date the asset is ready for use and reassessed at each reporting date based on the use of the assets and the period over which economic benefits will be derived from the asset. There is uncertainty in relation to the assessment of the life of the asset including factors such as the rate of wear and tean and technical obsolescence. The useful life of poker machine entitlements classified as an intangible asset has been assessed as indefinite. There is uncertainty in relation to this assumption as it is based on current legislation and conditions attached to the entitlements. The estimates and judgements involved may impact the carrying value of the non-current assets and the depreciation and amortisation charges recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should they change.
- Estimation of provision for make good (note 17) there is estimation uncertainty in relation to a number of components when assessing the measurement of the provision for make good including but not limited to the condition required to restore the premises to, the extent of assets required to be removed and the timing of the cash outflows to satisfy these. The current measurement of the provision for make good represents the Company's best estimate of these components.
- Estimated fair value of investment properties (note 11) the fair value of investment properties is estimated at each reporting date, based on independent assessments of the market value of the properties and the best available knowledge of current market prices. Estimation uncertainty exists and is related to the various assumptions used in determining the fair value.

Directors' declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 22 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - Complying with Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 May 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date, and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Peter mean

Peter Moore - Director

Terence Morgan - Director

30 July 2024 Wallsend, NSW



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Independent auditor's report

to the members of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Wallsend RSL and Community Club Limited (the Company) which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 May 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 May 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



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Matters relating to the electronic presentation of the audited financial report

The auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Company for the year ended 31 May 2024 included on the Company's web site. The Company's Directors are responsible for the integrity of the Company's web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of this web site. The auditor's report refers only to the statements named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from these statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this web site.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our audit report.

Kirsty Porteous

Kirsty Porteous - Partner

Albert Ruppies NH Parorestin

Pitcher Partners NH Partnership Chartered Accountants

30 July 2024 Newcastle West, NSW

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